

INDICTED 88 CHICKEN MEN

GRAND JURY ALSO CALLS ON THE CITY TO REFORM

And Not Let the Chicken Trust Monopolize West Washington Market—Grand Jury Kept on Waiting Orders Until May in Case of More Emergencies.

Eighty-eight poultry dealers will be called to plead before Justice Goff in the Supreme Court at 10:30 this morning to three indictments for conspiracy to fix the prices of chickens and other fowls and for violation of the business law. There are such a lot of defendants that the indictments were not opened yesterday, although W. T. Jerome and I. N. Jackson, who will defend the accused, were in court and ready.

An indictment was given in court that some other serious emergency was likely to arise, and the Grand Jury, which has been sitting all this year so far, was not discharged but merely excused until the first Monday in May, with the understanding that it may be called on at any time in the interval. Justice Goff said to the jurors:

"In the times in which we live at present there arise emergencies which call for self-sacrifice on the part of some citizens. Society can only be preserved by men with single purpose and patriotism. I know of no emergency just now, but it is not unreasonable to expect very serious questions to arise in a short period which will call for the intervention of the Grand Jury."

In addition to the indictments the Grand Jury handed in a presentment declaring that poultry dealers cannot obtain their supplies unless they have stalls in West Washington Market and that the West Washington Market stalls are controlled by the New York Live Poultry Commission Merchants Protective Association and the Jobbers Association. The presentment suggests that licenses for the stalls, which are granted by the Comptroller, be revoked in order to give independent dealers a chance.

The presentment, read by Evert Jansen Wendell, foreman of the continuous Grand Jury, says:

It appears that a great many of these stalls are under the control of certain receivers and others known as the New York Live Poultry Commission Merchants Protective Association and the Jobbers Association. It further appears that at this time a considerable number of stalls in West Washington Market now held by members of this association are unoccupied and vacant. The result of the present conditions is such that it is impossible for an independent dealer in live poultry to obtain a stall in order to conduct his business.

In view of the fact that licenses to conduct these stalls are granted by the city of New York we feel it our duty to call the attention of the court to this unfair, unjust and unreasonable situation in the hope that the controller of the city of New York may not only take such measures as to insure to every dealer in live poultry a fair and equal opportunity to obtain such stalls but also that it be found that stalls are unoccupied and unused as aforesaid and that the controller may revoke the licenses for such stalls and thereby afford a market place to the many independent dealers who are not only selling but anxious to obtain quarters in West Washington Market.

The attention of the Grand Jury was directed to three poultry associations, only one of which, the N. Y. L. P. M. P. A., incorporated in 1906 and ran until February, 1908, when it was incorporated as the New York Live Poultry Commission Merchants Protective Association. It is alleged that the members of the association agreed on the price to be charged wholesalers each week, the jobbers conferring with the members of the amount they were to charge in advance of the cost of the poultry. They are alleged to have agreed to sell no live poultry to dealers who were not members of the jobbers association. It is alleged that their profit was not the ordinary middleman's profit. The N. Y. L. P. M. P. A. was made up of wholesalers who maintained slaughter houses and sold to butchers and retailers. The association was disbanded last January. Its members were: Abraham Wolfowitz, Elias Wolfowitz, Herman Nathan, Jacob Wolfe, Sigmund Moses, Harry Schenck, Samuel Schenck, Edward Koenig, Lawrence E. Witzel, Eli Sulzer, Michael Garkick, Albert Garkick, Hyman Motulsky, Carl A. Motulsky, William Steyer, Louis Sterber, William Simon, Felix Goldfarb, Nathan Redick, Samuel Hillman, Albert Prince, Charles Bergendoff and Morris Azoninsky.

The Harlem association, which is said to have had a weekly pooling arrangement, was in existence only about six months and quit last January. Its members were the Bookman Hill Live Poultry Company, Abraham Schiff, leader; T. F. Schuch, Herman Kassen, Henry Bostowitz, Charles Steiner, Louis S. Newlin, William Schiller, Max Cohen, Mayer Fink, Samuel Levy, Samuel Elmer, Max Persek, Morris Romaner, Louis Werner, Samuel Hillman, Albert Prince, John Roth, Herman Cohen, Samuel Lehman, Isaac Motus, Morris Motus, Esther Fellman, Rafael C. Motus, Rafael Calabrese, Aaron Newman, Benjamin Werner, Jacob Kraski, Charles Levy, Henry L. Goldberg, Rebecca Piskin, Morris Feldman, Irving Wengert, Isidor Wengert, Harry Schenck, Carl A. Motulsky, Dickman, Re. Dickman, Max Sokoloff, Alfred C. Michael, Meyer Friedlander, Hyman Roby, Samuel Rosenberger, Louis Margulies and Morris Epstein.

PACKERS WILL FIGHT HARD


To Resist Extension and Protect Books in Highest Court

TRENTON, N. J., March 23.—Prosecutor Garson of Hudson county applied to Gov. Fort to-day for requisitions for the extradition of Lewis L. Swift of Swift & Co. and Edward Morris of Morris & Co., two of the beef packers indicted by the Hudson county Grand Jury for conspiracy.

The papers were presented to the Governor just as he was about to leave the State House, and he promised that he would give them consideration.

Samuel Untermyer of New York had previously obtained from the Governor a promise that before sending requisitions for any of the indicted men he would give their counsel an opportunity to present their side at a hearing. Mr. Untermyer was compelled to leave here to-day before Mr. Garson made his application for the requisitions, but it is understood that the Governor will accede to a request that a time be fixed for the hearing.

The Supreme Court, Justices Reed, Tranchard and Minturn sitting, allowed to-day a writ of certiorari, carrying up



True value compels favorable public opinion.

LA MARQUISE CIGARETTES

of a "vintage"

for review the order of Justice Swayne compelling the National Packing Company, Armour & Co., Swift & Co. and Morris & Co. to produce their books in this State next Friday for inspection by the Hudson county Grand Jury. The proceedings came before the court on the return of a rule to show cause why the writ of certiorari should not be allowed, but it was agreed by counsel for both sides that the argument should be on the merits of the controversy, thus disposing finally of the case so far as the Supreme Court is concerned.

It was suggested by Mr. Untermyer that the courts of the State justify such a procedure as that instituted by Mr. Garven it would have the effect of driving away from New Jersey all corporations except those intending actually to conduct their business in the State. If corporations were to be harassed by being compelled to bring their books into the State to satisfy mere fishing expeditions Mr. Untermyer said it would not take them long to go elsewhere, as New Jersey would then be the worst place in the country for corporations.

HEARING ON TAGGED MEAT.

Great Doubts Aldermen's Jurisdiction, Snuffragettes Deny.

Mayor Gaynor gave a public hearing yesterday on the ordinance requiring that storage warehouses should be tagged with the date when the food was sent to the warehouse and with the date when it was taken out of storage. Edward M. Grout was the principal speaker against the ordinance. He said that the cold storage business was an important and useful business and that to enforce such an ordinance would drive it out of town. Besides, the Aldermen had not the power they proposed to exercise.

The Mayor asked of no one in particular and not only selling but anxious to obtain quarters in West Washington Market. "Wasn't Lord Bacon the first man to experiment with cold storage? Didn't he stuff some chickens with ice and die of it?" These snuffragettes spoke for the ordinance. They did not argue the jurisdiction of the board. Mrs. Leebinger said she and the housewives, the housekeepers and the consumers in general wanted the ordinance to go through.

MRS. MCKEIK'S PARENTAGE.

Counsel for C. E. Crouse Still Contesting Her Relationship to the Famous Millions.

SYRACUSE, March 23.—An alleged copy of the certificate of the birth of Mrs. John H. McKevick, formerly Dorothea Edgerton Crouse, has been secured by Attorney Frank C. Sargent, counsel for Charles E. Crouse of this city, who is contesting the heirship of Mrs. McKevick and the settlement made with her sixteen years ago.

The certificate purports to show that Dorothea Edgerton was born in 1867 at Hastings, Me., England, the daughter of David Edgar Wilson, who was a New York stock broker. He is now dead. The mother, it is alleged, was Mrs. Eula Henrietta Wilson, who after having been the wife of the Syracuse millionaire, David Edgar Crouse, Mrs. Wilson was divorced in England and subsequently married an Austrian of the name of Kosterlitz, who also died. She is now Countess Eula H. Potulicka.

The Lincoln Trust Company of New York, custodian of the Crouse funds, is at present brought into the nature of an interpleader to determine to whom it shall pay the moneys under the recent decision of the courts in the Crouse case.

Arrest Prince as Charity Kibbeizer.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

ST. PETERSBURG, March 23. Prince Vaikovsky, distinguished for his charitable work, has been arrested on the charge of wasting and embezzling charitable funds. The arrest has caused a stir in St. Petersburg.

Keats and Edward VI. at a Book Sale.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

LONDON, March 23.—At a sale at Sotheby's to-day Keats' "Eve of St. Agnes" sold for £48. An Edward VI prayer book brought £70.

The Weather.

March 23.—It was partly cloudy yesterday morning along the middle Atlantic coast, but cleared up and generally fair weather prevailed in the afternoon and evening beyond the Chesapeake Bay.

The pressure was high over Quebec and eastern Ontario and south over the Atlantic and Gulf of Mexico. A depression of considerable depth was centered over northern North Dakota causing cloudy and some light rain in the northern Rocky Mountains. There was rain also on the Pacific coast.

It was cooler in the lake regions, northern New York and New England. A small area of freezing weather also appeared in northern Nevada and Utah. In the Gulf and Atlantic States, to southern New England, the Ohio and Tennessee valleys and between the Mississippi Valley and Rocky Mountains, it was warmer. West of the Rockies Mountains it was cooler.

In this city the day was fair and warmer, with light northeast to southeast average humidity, 33 percent. Barometer, corrected to sea level at 9 A. M. 30.13; 9 P. M. 30.17.

The temperature yesterday, as recorded by the official thermometer, is shown in the annexed table:

For western New York, eastern Pennsylvania and New Jersey, fair and warmer to-day; probably fair to-morrow; moderate to heavy southerly winds. For New England, fair and warmer to-day; probably fair and warmer to-morrow; moderate to brisk south and southwest winds.

For Delaware and Maryland, fair to-day and probably to-morrow; moderate southerly winds. For western New York, fair and warmer to-day; unsettled to-morrow; brisk and high southerly winds. For western Pennsylvania and Ohio, fair to-day and warmer in northern portions; unsettled to-morrow; high southerly winds.

For the District of Columbia, fair to-day and probably to-morrow; moderate southerly winds.

ROOSEVELT, PRIVATE CITIZEN

WANTS IT UNDERSTOOD HE'S NOT THE "AMERICAN KING."

On His Last Day in Luxor He Talks to Mission School—Hopes Egypt Will Educate Women as Well as Men—in Cairo To-day—Pyramids To-morrow.

Special Cable Despatches to THE SUN. LUXOR, Egypt, March 23.—Col. Roosevelt's visit to the American mission school here to-day was, for the public at any rate, the most interesting incident of his stay at Luxor. A great number of native children, lined up in rows, sang for the visitors. Their dark skins and bright eyes contrasted with their gay garments made an attractive picture. Many native women who were present peered with eager curiosity above their veils at the "American King," always drawing their veils closer if they saw any of the men accompanying the visitors gazing at them.

Col. Roosevelt addressed the gathering in a happily worded, epigrammatic speech. He said that as an American he felt pleased to see what his fellow countrymen and countrywomen were doing to help Egypt along the path of progress which she had been travelling for the last quarter of a century.

He was especially glad that so much attention was being devoted to educating girls. It was going to be more and more realized that it was impossible to raise one part of humanity while neglecting the other. It was idle to try to improve man unless woman was uplifted at the same time. This was not a mere matter of duty and principle; it was also a matter of self-interest. Man could not rise if woman was a drag on him.

He was glad to see that the mission was avoiding the error of the western world, where it was too much believed that education was a matter of beliefs. He had met persons of excellent literary training who were totally uneducated in all the essentials of life.

He hoped the mission was training women not only to be the intellectual equals of their husbands and brothers, but also to cook and care for their households. In the boys' schools must be developed the qualities which would enable the pupils to stand alone and not to seek positions as clerks and Government servants.

The tendency of education ought to be toward the farm and shop, he said. It should always be remembered that the foundation of national prosperity in all countries rests on agriculture.

He ascribed the mission's success to the fact that it had kept its eyes on the stars and its feet on the ground. Ideals were essential. A practical man without ideals was a curse, but on the other hand an impractical idealist was a nuisance. There was no use for ideals that were so lofty that they could only be taken out and admired on Sundays and kept in cotton wool the rest of the week.

Col. Roosevelt seems to fear, from the news reaching him, that the impression is growing that he is travelling in a sort of official capacity as a representative of the United States. He wants the public everywhere to recognize that he is traveling as a private citizen.

CAIRO, March 23.—Col. Roosevelt will travel directly to this city. When they arrive they will stay at Shepherd's Hotel. Great disappointment is felt by the people at Asbott. It was hoped that Col. Roosevelt would break his journey there and take part in the opening of the new American mission. Extensive preparations had been made to receive him, but as the Khedive had arranged to receive him in special audience to-morrow afternoon it was impossible for him to delay his arrival here. Soon after he is received by the Khedive at the palace the Khedive will return the visit at the American agency.

The Khedive will receive Mrs. and Miss Roosevelt and Mrs. Straus, wife of the American Ambassador at Constantinople, who, with her husband, arrived here on Monday, especially to meet Col. Roosevelt. To-morrow evening the party will go to the Pyramids and spend the night at the Mena House. Great festivities by moonlight are being arranged in their honor.

On Friday morning an excursion will be made to Sakharah. The party will go to Belzabeh on Nubar Pasha's steamer, taking lunch on board. Thence they will visit Memphis, the tombs, the Temple of the Bulls and other temples, and dine at the British agency.

On Saturday they will visit the Alayhar University and the bazars and will dine at the American agency, where a reception will be held afterward. On Sunday Col. Roosevelt will spend a quiet day with Lieut. Gen. Sir Francis Wingate, Sirdar of the Egyptian army, who will receive various deputations, and will lecture at the Egyptian University in the afternoon. Afterward he will inaugurate the new school for girls belonging to the American mission. In the evening Prince Fouad will give a banquet in his honor.

On Tuesday Col. Roosevelt will take lunch with Count Hatfield, the German Diplomatic Agent. He will go to Alexandria in the afternoon, and the next day will embark for Naples.

The keenest interest is being manifested in the ex-President's visit to Cairo, where a splendid reception awaits him by his fellow countrymen, who are here in large numbers.

U. S. AMBASSADOR HOMELESS.

Dr. David J. Hill Is Compelled to Go Home Hunting in Berlin.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

BERLIN, March 23.—Dr. David Jayne Hill, the American Ambassador to Germany, must find new quarters. His present house on Bismarckstrasse has been sold under his feet, so to speak, and the new landlord has notified him that he must get out by October 1. This involves a weary search for a new residence for the Ambassador. If Dr. Hill gets suitable premises it is his intention to have the Ambassador's home and the embassy office under the same roof.

The State Department at Washington has approved of this project of Dr. Hill's.

Playwright Sues Henry Clews, Jr.; Loses.

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PARIS, March 23.—The suit of Prof. Bernard, a Belgian literary man, against Henry Clews, Jr., with whom he collaborated three years ago on a play called "The Poverty of Riches," for \$20,000 damages has been dismissed.

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Pale Bock Beer was an innovation last Spring—and a great success. It is a greater success this Spring. Now on the market everywhere.

RHEINGOLD PALE BOCK

S. Liebmann's Sons Brew'g Co.

FOURS VITRIOL ON A WOMAN.

Deserted Wife Also Tries to Cut Her Rival's Throat in a Theatre.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

PARIS, March 23.—Despatches from Algeria received here to-day describe a terrible scene in the Nouveau Theatre during a performance there last night. A woman named Aspaquino, who has three children, was deserted some time ago by her husband, who went to live with a woman of the name of Alex. The deserted wife determined to be revenged, and has been awaiting a favorable opportunity.

Last night she saw her husband and the other woman sitting in a stall in the theatre just in front of her. Suddenly Mrs. Aspaquino arose and poured the contents of a vial of vitriol over the head of Mrs. Alex. She then endeavored to cut the woman's throat with a razor.

The shrieks of Mrs. Alex caused the audience to rush for the doors. Several men grappled with the women, who were fighting desperately, and after a struggle separated them. Aspaquino was also overpowered and turned over to the police.

In court to-day the man was released on bail after promising that he would pay for the support of his children.

Mrs. Alex is in a serious condition. She is badly disfigured, and if she recovers will probably lose the sight of both eyes.

French-American Customs Bill Favored.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

PARIS, March 23.—M. Dupuy, Minister of Commerce, laid on the table in the Chamber of Deputies to-day the draft of a customs bill dealing with the arrangements between France and the United States. No discussion of the measure has taken place, but the indications are that it will gain the general support of the Deputies.

Miss Edwards's Condition Critical.

YONKERS, March 23.—Miss Emily Edwards, sister of Julian Edwards, the composer, who was injured in a collision between a coach and a trolley car here early on Sunday morning, had a relapse last night. It was said at her home, 27 Hamilton avenue, to-day that she was sinking rapidly. She is suffering from a broken collarbone and three fractured ribs. Miss Edwards's niece, Mrs. George H. Thomas, who was also seriously injured in the collision, was slightly better to-day.

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ONEEYBONTAFT, ONESEAWARD

REPUBLICANS A-MEDITATING WHAT WILL HAPPEN NEXT.

It Was Not Wholly a Love Feast When Griseom Met the West Siders, for Abe Gruber Also Spoke and Was Able to Impress with Almost Everybody Else.

Chairman Griseom of the Republican county committee is visiting the different districts of the city these nights to urge the leaders of the county organization to forget whatever differences may have been engendered while Herbert Parsons was chairman and appealing to them to support his administration. Last night he was at the West Side Republican Club, the Republican headquarters of the district on the upper West side, and he told his hearers that while things just at the moment seemed cloudy for the Republican party they could depend on President Taft to clear them and he added:

"There is also a man returning to this country shortly who will put heart into us and who will bring such encouragement to us when he reaches these shores that if our enemies think they are going to have an easy time of it at the coming elections they will find that they are mistaken."

Assemblyman William M. Bennett of the Fifteenth district was mournful over the election in the Fourteenth Congressional district of Massachusetts and the disclosures in the investigations in Albany. But he insisted that the only hope for the party was a thorough house cleaning that would turn out of office men whom he described as machine politicians.

Abe Gruber, the leader of the Seventeenth district, didn't think so ill of the machine. He asserted that every good which had come to this country since the birth of the Republican party had been due to Republican machine politics.

"I want to say that Mr. Hughes owes more to the Republican party than the Republican party owes to him," said Mr. Gruber. "It was the Republican machine that was responsible for the investigation of the insurance companies, which appointed Mr. Hughes as the counsel in the investigation and which thereby gave to Mr. Hughes the club which enabled him to become a factor in the political life of this State."

Looking at Mr. Bennett Abe Gruber proceeded to denounce Republicans of the type who looked upon Republicans who were not as "respectable" as themselves as crooks.

"Don't you let yourselves be beguiled into the belief," he exclaimed, "that the situation which is now confronting us needs the advent of a ship of Sande Hook. I am willing to let Mr. Roosevelt go down to history as the greatest President, the bravest soldier, the longest pedestrian and the most successful shooter of wild animals that this country has ever seen; but I want to say that we have no special need of him at this time and that William H. Taft is good enough for us, as you will all find out before long."

KICKED AN ALDERMAN'S WIFE.

At Least She Says So, and Chewing Gum Man Is Held for Trial.

HARRY REDLICK of 203 West Eighty-fourth street, head of the Redlick Chewing Gum Company, charged by Mrs. Nettie Schloss, wife of Alderman Joseph Schloss, with having dragged her into the hall outside her apartment at 72 West Eighty-eighth street at 2 o'clock in the morning of March 13, and beating and kicking her, was held in \$300 bail for trial by Magistrate Corrigan in the West Side police court yesterday.

Mrs. Schloss testified that when she remonstrated with Redlick for keeping her awake with the noise he and others made at a party in the flat above hers, Redlick kicked her and knocked her down. Redlick had six witnesses who testified that Mrs. Schloss was not knocked down by Redlick, but by her husband when he rushed out to join in the protest.

American Lady Corsets

The New models for Spring

In the designing of the new styles the cleverest ideas of the corsetiers have been called into play. The fashions of the hour are most exacting and admit of no compromise—the corset must be perfect or the costume cannot be. Gracefulness without discomfort is achieved by rare skill and admirable proportioning, and these new corsets are fully illustrative of the highest type of American corset making.

Of batiste; designed for tall, short, slight or full figures—the normal and every deviation from normal. There are models designed to meet the requirements of every personal need.

1.00 to 4.00

A Sale of Real Irish Lace Neckwear

A remarkably timely offering and one most unusual at the very beginning of the season.

Yokes in beautiful patterns, of heavy or baby Irish lace. Value 8.50, at 5.50

Chemisettes of heavy or baby Irish lace. Value 8.50, at 5.50

Coat Collars, long or medium. Value 6.50, at 4.50

Dutch Collars, the new style, with sailor back and pointed front. Val. 5.00, at 3.50

Military Stock Collars of heavy or baby Irish laces. Value 2.25, at 1.15

Stoles of Marabout—Black or Natural

4 strands, 76 inches long, value 4.50, at 3.00

5 strands, 78 inches long, value 7.00, at 4.25

5 strands, 100 inches long, value 8.75, at 5.25

5 strands, 78 inches long, value 10.50, at 7.25

5 strands, 100 inches long, value 13.75, at 9.00

An extraordinary Sale of Handkerchiefs for Women

Handkerchiefs of fine linen with white or colored embroidery in all-over or bordered designs. Value 50c, at 10c

Also Princess Lace Handkerchiefs—Value 85c at 49c; Value 65c at 29c